I MINA'TRENTAI UNU NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2012 (SECOND) Regular Session

Resolution No. 539-31 (COR)

Introduced by:

Judith T. Won Pat, Ed.D.

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Relative to supporting the prompt payment of income tax refunds by the government of Guam in taxpayer lawsuit *Paeste*, et al v. Government of Guam, et al.

BE IT RESOLVED BY I MINA'TRENTAI UNU NA LIHESLATURAN

- 2 **GUÅHAN**:
- WHEREAS, the government of Guam was sued by taxpayers due to the unfair
- 4 and untimely payment of income tax refunds, and the U.S. District Court of Guam has
- 5 ordered the parties to submit a Proposed Order for the prompt payment of those
- 6 refunds; and

WHEREAS, the Plaintiff taxpayers have proposed that refunds be paid within 1 2 six (6) months of the filing of income tax returns; and 3 WHEREAS, the Attorney General of Guam (AG) represents the government of 4 Guam in this lawsuit pursuant to the Organic Act of Guam and Title 5 Guam Code 5 Annotated, Chapter 30; and the AG's Motion for Extension of Time, filed on September 21, 2012 in response to Plaintiffs' proposed order, purports to advocate a 6 7 position on behalf of the government of Guam that is contrary to the fiscal policy of 8 the government of Guam, as reflected in the existing laws of Guam; and 9 WHEREAS, specifically, the AG stated to the District Court in its September 10 21, 2012 Motion that "Projected revenues for Fiscal Year 2013 are earmarked for 11 specific expenditures and do not include payments for remaining Tax Year 2011 and 12 prior year refunds. Nor do they include payments for Tax Year 2012 tax refunds. 13 While the Fiscal Year 2013 budget includes a provision for tax refunds, this is a set-14 aside for the Tax Year 2013 refunds. The government will be lagging behind by one 15 (1) year as the Tax Year 2012 required funds were not set aside for this purpose. Moreover, there are "non-tax refund" related obligations that have to be paid and 16 17 these obligations were also not addressed in the Fiscal Year 2013 budget"; and 18 WHEREAS, since 1994, I Liheslaturan Guåhan (the Guam Legislature) 19 attempted, through the enactment of Title 11 GCA, Chapter 50, to prioritize the 20 prompt payment of income tax refunds from actual revenues by requiring the 21 reservation of a specific percentage of income tax receipts in the Income Tax Refund 22 Reserve Fund (the Fund) for the payment of current or prior years' income tax refunds; and 23 24 WHEREAS, in 2002, I Liheslaturan Guåhan (the Guam Legislature) enacted Title 11 GCA, Chapter 51, requiring the Director of Administration to directly deposit 25 26 a portion of all tax income payments into the Income Tax Refund Efficient Payment Trust Fund (Trust Fund). Trust Fund amounts are subsequently transferred on request of the Director of Revenue and Taxation to the Income Tax Refund Reserve Fund (and used for the regular monthly payment of current or prior years' tax refunds); and

WHEREAS, together, Title 11 GCA, Chapters 50 and 51 express the unequivocal policy of the government of Guam to reserve, deposit, and pay tax refunds as a matter of priority, above any other use of income tax receipts. §50103 and §51102 specifically provide:

"§ 50103. Formula for Reserve Funds for Income Tax Refunds, Earned Income Tax Credits, and Child Tax Credits.

Each year, the Director of Revenue and Taxation, in consultation with the Director of Administration and the Director of the Bureau of Budget and Management Research, shall establish a formula for reserving income tax receipts to pay income tax refunds, earned income tax credits, and child tax credits. Such formula shall be derived from the statistical average of income tax refunds, earned income tax credits, and child tax credits issued in the previous three (3) years, and shall further provide for reserving income tax receipts, on a percentage basis, in order to accumulate sufficient cash reserves to pay projected income tax refunds, earned income tax credits, and child tax credits in a timely manner. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, such cash receipts may be used to pay for prior years' income tax refunds, earned income tax credits, and child tax credits."

"§ 51102. Deposit of Funds. The Director of the Department of Administration (DOA) shall directly deposit, upon receipt of any payment of income tax, including, but not limited to, individual, corporate and withholding taxes, interest and penalties, to the Trust Fund a portion of the tax payment received to be calculated by multiplying the amount of the tax payment received

by the quotient derived by the provision for tax refunds (the dividend) divided by the total income taxes, including, but not limited to, individual, corporate and withholding taxes, interest and penalties, (the divisor) amounts adopted in the pertinent government of Guam fiscal year budget, so that, at the end of the fiscal year, the total amount set aside in said budget for income tax refunds, the earned income tax credit and advanced child tax credits shall have been deposited in said Fund. The funds deposited in the Trust Fund by the Director of Administration shall immediately be transferred to the Income Tax Reserve Fund upon the written request of the Tax Commissioner for payments made pursuant to § 50105 of Chapter 50, Division 2 of Title 11 of the Guam Code Annotated. The interest earned by money in the Trust Fund shall be held in the Fund."; and

WHEREAS, I Liheslaturan Guåhan (the Guam Legislature) has prioritized the set aside of revenues specifically for income tax refunds prior to any other expenditures of the government through the specific delineation of a set aside amount as the Provision for Income Tax Refunds - above any other expenditure of the government of Guam - in the Revenues Chapter of every Budget Act since FY 2009, thus prioritizing the respective set aside amounts above the payment of bond debt. Thereafter, every other expenditure of the government was, by law, to be paid from revenues remaining after the income tax refund amounts and bond payments were set aside. In addition, every Governor was authorized to cut expenditures of the Executive Branch and to transfer between the various appropriations, in order to effectuate the reduction of Guam's deficit and ensure the timely payment of the current year tax refunds; and

WHEREAS, in 2007, Title 5 GCA, Chapter 4, §4109(f) was passed which mandates a Fiscal Realignment Plan be developed by *I Maga'låhen Guåhan* when

projected fiscal year revenues, based on actual revenues collected, are three percent (3%) or more below revenue projections adopted by the annual Budget Act. Such Plan was mandated by *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* (the Guam Legislature) such that in the event 4 the government is not collecting the revenues adopted in the Budget Act, that a realignment of revenues and expenditures occur by I Maga'låhen Guåhan which would provide that income tax refunds, which are set-aside before all other expenditures and debt service obligations of the government of Guam, are paid in a timely manner. §4109(f) specifically provides:

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"(f) Fiscal Realignment Plan. Thirty (30) days after the close of each quarter of the fiscal year, the Directors of the Department of Administration, Department of Revenue and Taxation, and the Bureau of Budget and Management Research shall determine whether actual revenues collected for that quarter are consistent with the projected revenues for the fiscal year. If said Directors determine that projected fiscal year revenues, based on actual revenues collected, are three percent (3%) or more less than revenue projections adopted by the annual Budget Act, I Maga'lahen Guåhan shall submit to the Speaker of I Liheslaturan Guåhan a Fiscal Realignment Plan that shall address the revenue disparity. Said Plan may include, but is not limited to, cost-containment and austerity measures, governmental reorganization plans and other such actions. I Maga'lahi shall submit to the Speaker of I Liheslaturan Guåhan proposed legislation, in a bill format, to implement the Fiscal Realignment Plan if legislative action is required."; and

WHEREAS, in FY 2010, One Hundred Thirty-Four Million Two Hundred Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$134,260,000) should have been set aside for income tax refunds pursuant to the Provision for Income Tax Refunds in the FY 2010 Budget Act, but only One Hundred One Million Five Hundred Twenty Thousand Dollars

(\$101,520,000) was actually deposited and paid in income tax refunds during that fiscal year. Whereas, in FY 2011, One Hundred Million Sixty-Two Thousand One Hundred Eighty-Four Dollars (\$100,062,184) should have been set aside for income tax refunds pursuant to the Provision for Income Tax Refunds in the FY 2011 Budget Act, but only Fifty Million Three Hundred Twenty-Four Thousand Eight Hundred Forty-Seven Dollars (\$50,324,847) was actually deposited and paid in income tax refunds during that fiscal year. Whereas, in FY 2012, One Hundred Five Million Dollars (\$105,000,000) should have been set aside for income tax refunds pursuant to the Provision for Income Tax Refunds in the FY 2012 Budget Act, but to date, only about Sixty Eight Million Dollars (\$68,000,000) was actually deposited and paid in income tax refunds; and

WHEREAS, in FY 2012, to remedy the failure of the Executive Branch to make the tax refund deposits as required by law, *I Liheslatura* (the Legislature) authorized unprecedented bond issuances to pay past-due income tax refunds, and the government of Guam has in fact reached its maximum borrowing capacity, as authorized by the Organic Act, 48 USC §1423a. During this period, Guam law (Title 11 GCA, Chapters 50 and 51) continued to require the monthly deposits of income taxes into the Trust Fund, and to require payments from the Income Tax Refund Reserve Fund for current or prior year refunds; and

WHEREAS, in addition to bond proceeds and monthly tax deposits, all excess revenues above the Budget Act's revenue projection received in FY 2012 were dedicated by law to the payment of additional past due income tax refunds, and the budget/revenues sufficiently allowed for the continuation of all critical services of the government; and

WHEREAS, the FY 2013 Budget Act (Public Law 31-233) provides for One Hundred Million Dollars (\$100,000,000) to be prioritized above all other expenditures

and set aside and deposited to the Trust Fund for any due income tax refunds (for any year). Public Law 31-233 also mandates that an additional reduction of Fourteen Million Five Hundred One Dollars (\$14,000,501) from non-essential appropriations from the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial branches be performed and deposited in each of the twelve (12) months of FY 2013?, One Million One Hundred One Thousand One Hundred Forty-Eight Dollars (\$1,101,148) to the Trust Fund, and dedicated exclusively for the payment of income tax refunds not covered by the bonds or the set aside provision. In addition, Public Law 31-233 continues to mandate that no less than ninety percent (90%) of the Additional Child Tax Credit reimbursement be deposited directly into the Trust Fund, and that no more than ten percent (10%) is appropriated to the Department of Revenue and Taxation Income Tax Processing and Income Tax Enforcement Divisions for the hiring of additional personnel and for overtime in order to increase collection of past due taxes, and thus revenue for the government of Guam; and

WHEREAS, the AG has also stated to the District Court in its Motion for Summary Judgment that "[t]he Governor's Fiscal Team's development of a final plan to pay tax refunds also depends on whether the Legislature passes the Governor's proposed Omnibus Fiscal Reform Act of 2012"; now therefore, be it

RESOLVED, that *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* (the Guam Legislature) objects to the AG's representation that the payment of income tax refunds is dependent on the passage of the Omnibus Bill. The Omnibus Bill is not an existing policy or law of the government of Guam, and sworn testimony by the Director of Administration indicated that the Omnibus Bill did not accurately reflect the intent of the Executive Branch and must be revised or substituted. Absent a substitution or revision of the Omnibus Bill, there are provisions in the Omnibus Bill that will negatively impact the

government of Guam's finances and may further interfere with prompt payment of 1 2 income tax refunds; and be it further 3 **RESOLVED,** that I Mina'Trentai Unu Na Liheslaturan Guåhan does hereby, on behalf of the people of Guam, officially request that the Attorney General of 4 Guam, on behalf of the government and the people of Guam, propose that the U.S. 5 6 District Court of Guam order full compliance by the Executive Branch with Guam 7 law, and that the income tax deposits required by Title 11 GCA, §51102, and by 8 Public Law 31-233, be made every month during FY 2013 by the Director of 9 Administration and the Department of Revenue and Taxation to the Income Tax 10 Refund Efficient Payment Trust Fund as required by law; and be it further 11 **RESOLVED,** that I Mina'Trentai Unu Na Liheslaturan Guåhan does hereby, 12 on behalf of the people of Guam, officially impart to the Attorney General of Guam, 13 on behalf of the government and the people of Guam, to enforce the provisions of 14 Title 11 GCA, Chapters 50 and 51, and the provisions of the FY 2013 Budget Act, and

if necessary, to propose on behalf of the government and people of Guam that the U.S. District Court of Guam, as part of its Order in *Paeste et al v. Government of Guam et al*, ensure that the Department of Administration and the Department of Revenue and Taxation make the timely remittance of income tax refund checks to taxpayers for the

19 full amount available in the Income Tax Refund Reserve Fund as required by Public

20 Law 31-233; and be it further

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- 1 **RESOLVED**, that the Speaker certify, and the Legislative Secretary attest to,
- 2 the adoption hereof, and that copies of the same be thereafter transmitted to the
- 3 Attorney General of Guam; to the U.S. District Court of Guam; and to the Honorable
- 4 Edward J.B. Calvo, I Maga'lahen Guåhan.

DULY AND REGULARLY ADOPTED BY *I MINA'TRENTAI UNU NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN* ON THE 16TH DAY OF NOVEMBER 2012.

JUDITH T. WON PAT, Ed.D. Speaker

TINA ROSE MUÑA BARNES
Legislative Secretary